



Classification & Adaptations How Animals Are Grouped and Survive

Stage 1



NSW Stage 1 Outcomes:

ST1-4LW-S · GE1-1 · GE1-2 · EN1-1A · EN1-2A · CA1



SAME & DIFFERENT



Animals are the same and different

Animals can be grouped by what they look like and what they do.

What is the same? What is different?



Activity:

Draw two animals.



They are the same because

GROUPING ANIMALS



Animals groups

Animals can be grouped by their features.

For example:

- fur
- feathers
- scales

How can we group these animals?

Activity:

Sort animals into groups:



Fur	Feathers	Scales



ANIMAL GROUPS

Types of animals

Animals belong to groups such as:

- mammals
- birds
- reptiles.

What group is the animal in?

Complete:

A kangaroo is a _____.

A cassowary is a _____.

A crocodile is a _____.

WHAT ARE ADAPTATIONS?

Adaptations help animals survive

An adaptation is something that helps an animal live.

Examples:

- body parts
- behaviours



What helps this animal survive?

Activity:

This adaptation helps the animal because



BODY ADAPTATIONS

Body features:

Animals have body parts that help them survive.

Examples:

- claws
- teeth
- legs



What does this body part do?

Activity:

Draw and label one body part and explain:

A large, empty rectangular box with rounded corners, intended for a student to draw and label a body part of an animal.

It helps the animal _____.



BEHAVIOUR ADAPTATIONS

What animals do

Animals behave in ways that help them survive.

Examples:

- hiding
- climbing
- being active at night



Why does the animal behave
this way?

Activity:

This behaviour helps because



AT THE ZOO

Look at:

what animals look like

what animals do

Pick an animal.

This animal is a _____ because

ZONE: TRICKY TONGUES & TREETOPS

ECHIDNA AND TREE ANIMALS

Some animals have special ways to get food.

Echidnas use their tongues.

Tree kangaroos climb trees.

LOOK...

What is the animal doing?

THINK...

How does it get its food?

ACTIVITY...

Complete: This animal eats _____ because

_____.



ZONE: DAINTREE RAINFOREST

CASSOWARY

Cassowaries are birds. They use their strong legs to move through the forest.

LOOK...

What features can you see?

THINK...

Why are these features important?

ACTIVITY

The cassowary is a _____ because

_____.

ZONE: KANGAROO WALKABOUT

KANGAROO

Kangaroos are mammals. They use strong legs to hop.

LOOK...

How does it move?

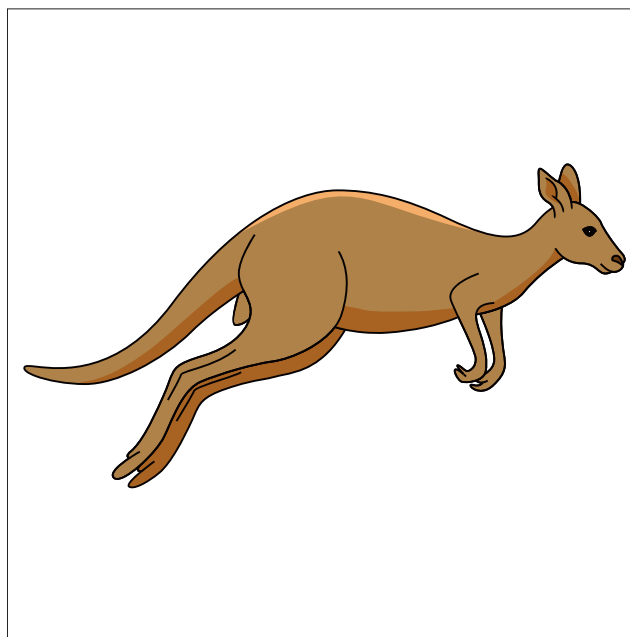
THINK...

What helps it move?

ACTIVITY...

The kangaroo moves by _____ because

_____.



ZONE: NIGHTFALL

NIGHT ANIMALS

Sugar gliders use skin to glide between trees.
They are active at night.

LOOK...

Where is the animal?

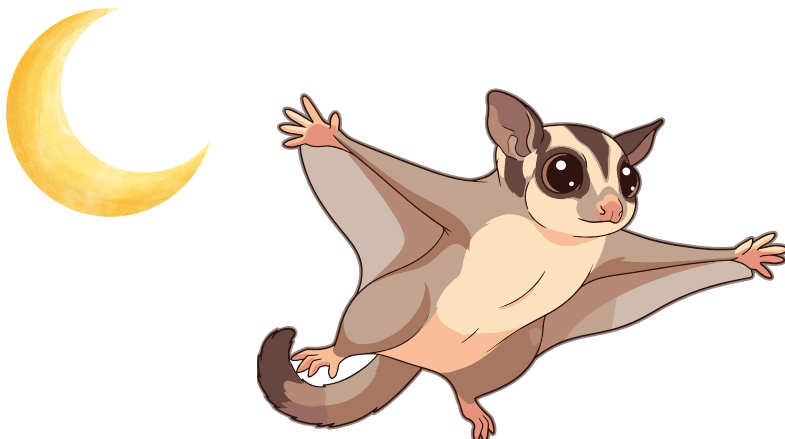
THINK...

How does it move?

ACTIVITY...

Write:

It glides because _____.



ZONE: CROCODILE BILLABONG

CROCODILE

Crocodiles are reptiles. They live in water and hunt other animals.

LOOK...

Where is the crocodile?

THINK...

What helps it survive in water?

ACTIVITY

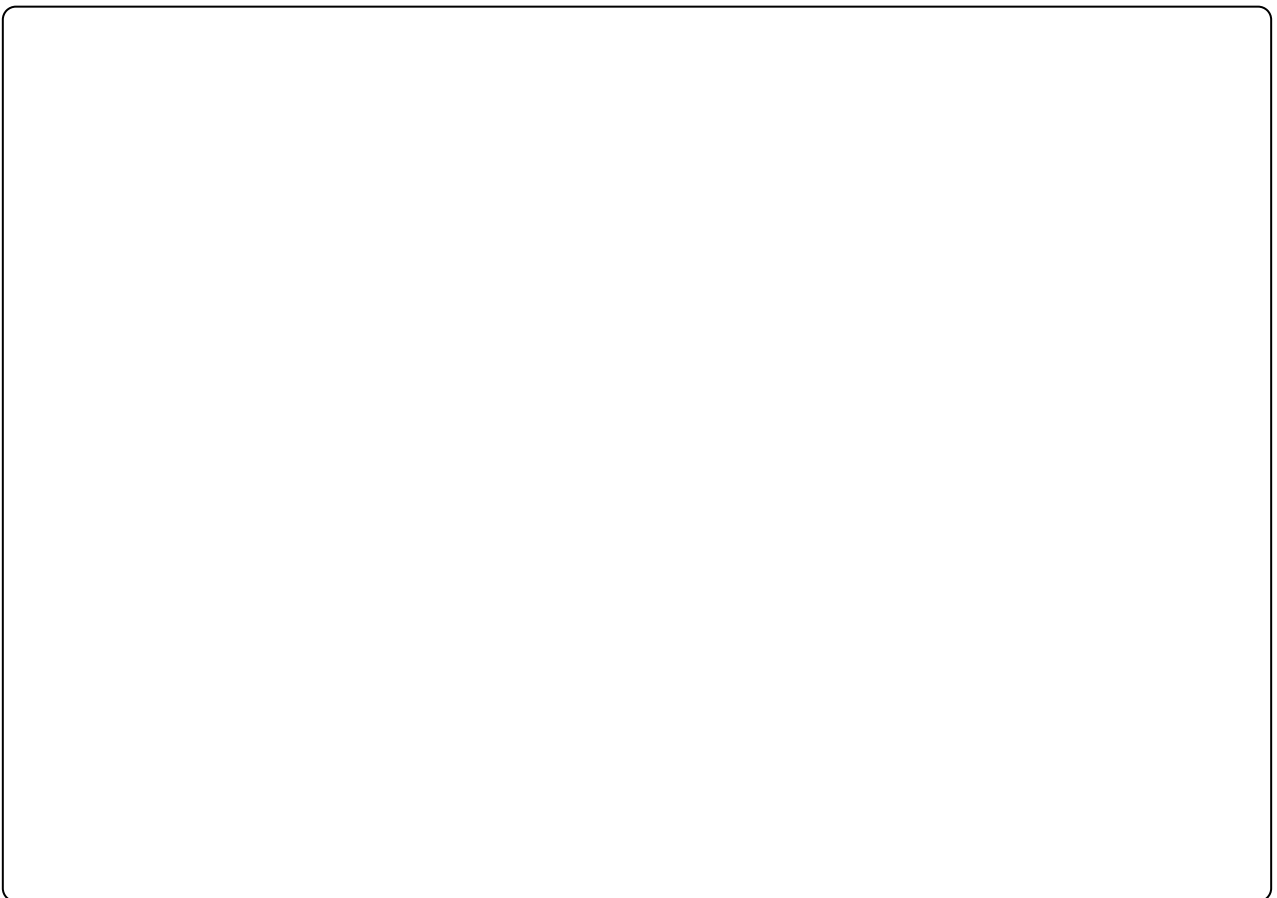
The crocodile has _____

to help it _____.

AFTER OUR VISIT TO THE ZOO

What did you learn?

Draw and write: "I saw a _____. It is
a _____. It has
_____ that helps it
_____."



CREATE YOUR OWN

Design an animal

It is a _____.

It has _____ to help it

_____.

