



Conservation Protecting Ecosystems and Biodiversity Stage 3

NSW Stage 3 Outcomes:

ST3-4LW-S · ST3-2DP-T · GE3-1 · GE3-2 · EN3-1A · EN3-6B · MA3-8SP · CA3



WHAT IS CONSERVATION?



Conservation and sustainability

Conservation involves protecting and managing ecosystems to maintain biodiversity.

Sustainability focuses on meeting current needs without damaging future environments.

Why is conservation important for the future?



Complete:

Conservation is important because...



BIODIVERSITY



Biodiversity

Biodiversity refers to the variety of living things in an ecosystem. High biodiversity supports stable and healthy ecosystems.

Why is biodiversity important?

List three reasons biodiversity is important.

Explain how losing one species can affect others.



ENDANGERED SPECIES

Species at risk

Species become endangered when their populations decline significantly.
If a species becomes extinct, it cannot be replaced.

What causes species to become endangered?

Complete:

Cause → Impact → Outcome

(e.g. habitat loss → fewer resources → population decline)

HUMAN IMPACT

Human impact on ecosystems

Human activities can disrupt ecosystems.

Examples include:

- habitat destruction
- pollution
- climate change
- introduction of species

Which human activity has the greatest impact? Why?



Explain an example of: Human action → Ecosystem change → Effect on organisms.



INTERDEPENDENCE

Interconnected ecosystems

Animals and plants rely on each other to survive.

Changes in one part of a system can affect many others.



How are organisms connected?

Activity:

Explain a chain of interactions between at least three organisms.

CONSERVATION STRATEGIES

Protecting ecosystems

Conservation strategies include:

- protected areas
- breeding programs
- habitat restoration
- laws and regulations



Which strategy is most effective?

Explain:

Choose one strategy and explain how it protects species.



INDIVIDUAL ACTION

Making a difference

Individuals can contribute to conservation through everyday actions, such as:

- reducing waste
- protecting habitats
- supporting conservation organisations



Can small actions make a big difference?

Complete:

Explain how one individual action can impact ecosystems.



BEFORE THE ZOO

Inquiry & prediction

List:

- 2 animals you expect to see
- one threat each may face
- one conservation strategy that may help



AT THE ZOO

Observe real animals and their behaviours

Choose one animal. Record:

- Habitat: _____
- Food source: _____
- Behaviour: _____
- Role in the food web: _____

Explain how conservation efforts help this species survive.

ZONE: TRICKY TONGUES & TREETOPS

ECHIDNA

Echidnas are uniquely adapted mammals that rely on specific habitats and food sources.

THINK...

How do adaptations influence survival?

ACTIVITY...

Explain how the echidna's features support its survival.

Explain how habitat loss could impact this species.

ZONE: DAINTREE RAINFOREST

CASSOWARY

Cassowaries are keystone species that play a critical role in rainforest ecosystems.

THINK...

Why are keystone species important?

ACTIVITY

Explain how cassowaries support biodiversity.



Predict the impact of their decline

ZONE: KANGAROO WALKABOUT

KANGAROO

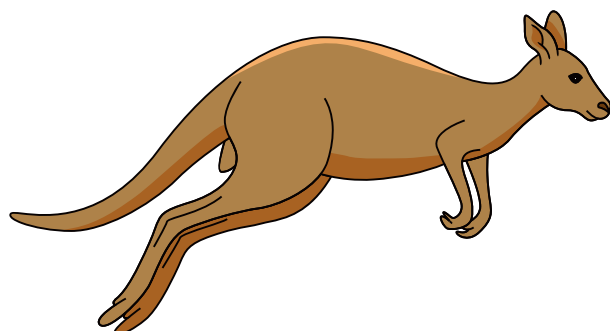
Kangaroos are abundant species that play a role in ecosystem balance.

THINK...

Why do some species thrive while others decline?

ACTIVITY...

Explain how human activity can influence kangaroo populations.



ZONE: NIGHTFALL

SUGAR GLIDER

Sugar gliders depend on tree habitats for movement and feeding.

THINK...

How does habitat fragmentation affect movement?

ACTIVITY...

Explain the impact of losing tree habitats on this species.



ZONE: CROCODILE BILLABONG

FRESHWATER CROCODILE

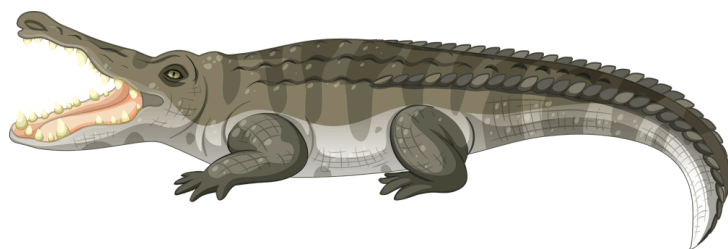
Crocodiles are important predators that help maintain ecosystem balance.

THINK...

What role do predators play in ecosystems?

ACTIVITY

Explain the impact of removing this predator from the system.



AFTER OUR VISIT TO THE ZOO

Reflection

Describe one animal and explain:

its role in the ecosystem

what threatens it

how it can be protected

DATA AND ANALYSIS

Class Data

Collect data on:

- animals observed
- animals needing protection

Analyse:

- which animal is most at risk?
- why?

SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

Write:

Write a paragraph: "How can humans protect ecosystems for the future?"

Include:

- one issue
- one solution
- one expected outcome
